

APPLICATION DATA SHEET

Application Information

Application Type:: Regular
Subject Matter:: Utility
Title:: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
EFFICIENT LIVE WEBCASTING AND
NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

Attorney Docket Number:: NIOC 7772
Request for Early Publication?:: No
Request for Non-Publication?:: No
Suggested Drawing Figure:: 1
Total Drawing Sheets:: 5
Small Entity?:: Yes
Secrecy Order in Parent?:: No

Applicant Information

Applicant Authority Type:: Inventor
Primary Citizenship Country:: US
Status:: Full Capacity
Given Name:: Mark
Family Name:: Sullivan
City of Residence:: Joplin
State or Province of Residence:: MO
Country of Residence:: US
Street of Mailing Address:: 2400 Tanyard Road
City of Mailing Address:: Joplin
State or Province of Mailing
Address:: MO
Postal Code of Mailing Address:: 64803-3418

Correspondence Information

Correspondence Customer Number:: 000321

Figure 1 consists of 12 micrographs arranged vertically, labeled 1 through 12. Each micrograph shows a different stage of chick embryo development.
 1. A single cell (zygote) with a prominent nucleus.
 2. Two cells (2-cell stage).
 3. Four cells (4-cell stage).
 4. Eight cells (8-cell stage).
 5. Morula stage, a solid ball of cells.
 6. Early gastrula stage, showing the beginning of tissue differentiation.
 7. Gastrula stage, with more distinct tissue layers.
 8. Late gastrula stage.
 9. Early neurulation stage, showing the formation of the neural tube.
 10. Neurulation stage, with the neural tube clearly visible.
 11. Late neurulation stage.
 12. A fully developed chick embryo, ready to hatch from the egg, with visible head, wings, and legs.

Figure 1 consists of 12 micrographs arranged vertically, labeled 1 through 12. Each micrograph shows a different stage of chick embryo development.
 1. A single cell (zygote) with a prominent nucleus.
 2. Two cells (2-cell stage).
 3. Four cells (4-cell stage).
 4. Eight cells (8-cell stage).
 5. Morula stage, a solid ball of cells.
 6. Early gastrula stage, showing the beginning of tissue differentiation.
 7. Gastrula stage, with more distinct tissue layers.
 8. Late gastrula stage.
 9. Early neurulation stage, showing the formation of the neural tube.
 10. Neurulation stage, with the neural tube clearly visible.
 11. Late neurulation stage.
 12. A fully developed chick embryo, ready to hatch from the egg, with visible head, wings, and legs.

Figure 1 consists of 12 micrographs arranged vertically, labeled 1 through 12. Each micrograph shows a different stage of chick embryo development.
 1. A single cell (zygote) with a prominent nucleus.
 2. Two cells (2-cell stage).
 3. Four cells (4-cell stage).
 4. Eight cells (8-cell stage).
 5. Morula stage, a solid ball of cells.
 6. Early gastrula stage, showing the beginning of tissue differentiation.
 7. Gastrula stage, with more distinct tissue layers.
 8. Late gastrula stage.
 9. Early neurulation stage, showing the formation of the neural tube.
 10. Neurulation stage, with the neural tube clearly visible.
 11. Late neurulation stage.
 12. A fully developed chick embryo, ready to hatch from the egg, with visible head, wings, and legs.

Figure 1 consists of 12 micrographs arranged vertically, labeled 1 through 12. Each micrograph shows a different stage of chick embryo development.
 1. A single cell (zygote) with a prominent nucleus.
 2. Two cells (2-cell stage).
 3. Four cells (4-cell stage).
 4. Eight cells (8-cell stage).
 5. Morula stage, a solid ball of cells.
 6. Early gastrula stage, showing the beginning of tissue differentiation.
 7. Gastrula stage, with more distinct tissue layers.
 8. Late gastrula stage.
 9. Early neurulation stage, showing the formation of the neural tube.
 10. Neurulation stage, with the neural tube clearly visible.
 11. Late neurulation stage.
 12. A fully developed chick embryo, ready to hatch from the egg, with visible head, wings, and legs.